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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/895,801	06/29/2001	Larry Brown	41992-00427	5589	
75	90 06/01/2006		EXAM	INER	
MARSH FISCHMANN & BREYFOGLE LLP			ABYANEH, ALI S		
	ighn Way, Suite 411				
Aurora, CO 80	0014		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2137		
			DATE MAILED: 06/01/2006	DATE MAILED: 06/01/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/895,801	BROWN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Ali S. Abyaneh	2137				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence addre	ess			
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value for the period of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 36(a). In no event, however, may a re vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MON , cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this comm ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 Ap	oril 2006.					
· <u> </u>	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		ers, prosecution as to the m	erits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>13-20 and 30</u> is/are pending in the ap	plication.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>13-20 and 30</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 29 June 2001 is/are: a)	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>29 June 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR	1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-	152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigna) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	•	119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	=	received in this National Sta	age			
application from the International Bureau	` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `	mana: vad				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not	receivea.				
Attachmant/a						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) \square Interview S	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) DNotice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s	s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Ir 6) Other:	nformal Patent Application (PTO-15 —·	52)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 04-25-2006 has been entered.

- 2. Claims 13-20 and 30 are pending.
- 3. Claims 1-12 and 21-29 are cancelled.
- 4. Claim 30 is newly added.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's amendments/arguments filed on 04-25-2006 have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclose or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 13-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fahlman et al. (US Patent NO.5, 960,080) in view of Thuraisngham et al. (US Patent NO.5,355,474).

Regarding Claim 13, 14, 15

Fahlman teaches a method for use in a multi-level secure system for sanitizing a message, said multi-level secure system including at least first and second security levels wherein first security level users are authorized to receive sensitive information that second security level users are not authorized to receive, said method comprising the steps of: establishing a computer-based sanitization tool for sanitizing messages based on predefined sanitization rules (column 4, lines 17-64, column 5, lines 1-40); first using said computer-based sanitization tool for receiving a message for potential distribution; (column 4, lines 20-22), third operating aid computer-based sanitization tool for sanitizing said received message to generate first sanitized message for transmission to said first potential recipient (column 4, lines 20-46) and fourth operating said computer-based sanitation tool for sanitizing said received message to generate a second sanitized message, different than the first sanitized message, for transmission to said second potential recipient. (column 4, lines 20-67 and column5, lines 1-28); protecting first and second sensitive information such that first sensitive information is not useable by first potential recipient and second sensitive information is not usable by second potential recipient(column 4, lines

46-53). Fahlman does not explicitly teach second operating said computer-based sanitization tool for identifying at least first and second potential recipients having first and second security clearances and identifying first and second sensitive information based on first and second security clearances and accessing storage including multiple rule sets, using parameters associated with first and second security clearances to select a first rule set, second rule set. However, in an analogous art, Thuraisngham teaches, identifying at least first and second potential recipients having first and second security clearances (column 8, lines 37-39) and identifying first and second sensitive information based on first and second security clearances and accessing storage including multiple rule sets. using parameters associated with first and second security clearances to select a first rule set, second rule set (column 3, lines 10-47). Therefor it would have been obvious to person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the method disclosed by Fahlman to include identifying at least first and second potential recipients having first and second security clearances and identifying first and second sensitive information based on first and second security clearances and accessing storage including multiple rule sets, using parameters associated with first and second security clearances to select a first rule set, second rule set. This would have been obvious because person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to do so in order to control access to the data and furthermore to

ensure that only the data at or before the user's level is released (column 3, line 60-53).

Regarding Claim 16

Fahlman and Thuraisngham teach all limitation of the claim as applied to claim 13 above. Fahlman furthermore teaches a method, wherein said step of first using comprises receiving a text only message. (column 4, lines 22-24).

Regarding claim 17

Fahlman and Thuraisngham teach all limitation of the claim as applied to claim 13 above. Fahlman furthermore teaches a method, wherein said message includes a graphics portion and said step of third operating comprises protecting sensitive information within said graphics portion such that said sensitive information is not useable by said first recipient. (column 4, lines 22-26,47-53).

Regarding Claim 18

Fahlman and Thuraisngham teach all limitation of the claim as applied to claim 13 above. Fahlman furthermore teaches a method, wherein said step of third operating comprise parsing said message into a number of tokens and separately analyzing each token for sensitive information. (column 4, lines 37-45).

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Regarding claim 19

Fahlman and Thuraisngham teach all limitation of the claim as applied to claim 13 above. Fahlman furthermore teaches a method, wherein said step of third operating comprises identifying a first format associated with said first potential recipient and converting said first sanitized message into said first format, and said step of fourth operating comprises identifying a second format associated with said second potential recipient and converting said second sanitized message into said second format. (column 3, lines 56-60, column 4, lines 64-65 and column 5, lines 1-17).

Regarding Claim 20

Fahlman and Thuraisngham teach all limitation of the claim as applied to claim 19 above. Fahlman furthermore teaches a method, further comprising the step of providing storage including first specification information for said first format and second specification information for said second format, where said step of third operating comprises accessing said storage to obtain said first specification information and said step of fourth operating comprises accessing said storage to obtain said second specification information, wherein said storage can be used to reconfigure said sanitization tool for transmission in multiple formats without re-compiling.(column 2, lines 43-56).

Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 8. Thuraisngham et al. (US Patent NO.5,355,474) in view of Fahlman et al. (US Patent NO.5, 960,080).

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Regarding Claim 30

Thuraisngham teaches a method for use in a multi-level secure system for sanitizing a message, said method comprising steps of: receiving an input file that includes information associated with at least first and second security levels of the multi-level secure system, wherein a user associated with said first security level of the multi-level secure system is entitled to receive information that a user associated with said second security level of the multi-level secure system is not entitled to receive; determining a security level associated with at least one user of the multi-level secure system to be said second security level (column 8, lines 30-40 and column 9 line 58-column 10, line 13); Thuraisngham does not explicitly teach parsing intelligible elements from the information of the input file; analyzing said intelligible elements to select a portion of the intelligible elements for sanitization according to the second security level; sanitizing the information of the selected portion of the intelligible elements according to the second security level to generate an output file for said at least one user of the multi-level secure system, wherein said output file has a first format; and formatting the output file to a second format for said at least one user of the multi- level secure system; and transferring the output file in the second format to said at least one user of the multi-level secure system. However, in an analogous art, Fahlman teaches

parsing intelligible elements from the information of the input file; analyzing said intelligible elements to select a portion of the intelligible elements for sanitization according to the second security level (column 4, lines 20-29); sanitizing the information of the selected portion of the intelligible elements according to the second security level to generate an output file for said at least one user of the multi-level secure system, wherein said output file has a first format; and formatting the output file to a second format for said at least one user of the multi- level secure system; and transferring the output file in the second format to said at least one user of the multi-level secure system (column 4, lines 42-66). Therefor it would have been obvious to person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the method disclosed by Thuraisngham to include parsing intelligible elements from the information of the input file; analyzing said intelligible elements to select a portion of the intelligible elements for sanitization according to the second security level; sanitizing the information of the selected portion of the intelligible elements according to the second security level to generate an output file for said at least one user of the multi-level secure system, wherein said output file has a first format; and formatting the output file to a second format for said at least one user of the multi- level secure system; and transferring the output file in the second format to said at least one user of the multi-level secure system. This would have been obvious because person having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so in order to efficiently and securely transfer a message

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containing sensitive information and furthermore to transform a message by separating information from the message prior to an entrusted service (column 1, line 67- column 2, line3).

Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ali Abyaneh whose telephone number is (571) 272-7961. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from (8:00-5:00). If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Emmanuel Moise can be reached on (571) 272-3865. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned as (571) 273-8300 Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ali Abyaneh Patent Examiner Art Unit 2137 05/25/06

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